

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

2016: Strong Foundation, Bright Future

Since AmeriCU was founded in 1950, our country has faced times of booming economic growth and deep recessions, periods of rapid job growth as well as high unemployment, and times of peace and of war. We have weathered major social and political movements, and significant cultural, demographic, and technological change. Through all of this, as we have for the past 66 years, AmeriCU remains steadfastly dedicated to our core reason for existence - to improve the lives of our members and the communities we serve. We know that in uncertain and difficult times, it is more important than ever for AmeriCU to serve as a trusted financial partner to our members and our communities. We are here to offer our members the right financial products at the right time to help them meet their goals. We are here to support the organizations that make our community great through our many philanthropic efforts and partnerships. In short, we are here to serve, and we are in a strong position to do so. Because of the foundation we have built, AmeriCU is well positioned strategically and financially to ensure that we will continue to serve our membership, and to help our members thrive, well into the future.

In fact, at a time when many other credit unions and banks have been shutting down branches, merging, or closing their doors altogether, Ameri-CU continues to grow and expand. Over the last few years, our membership has grown significantly. With over 120,000 members, AmeriCU continues to be one of the largest financial institutions based in Central and Upstate New York. In 2016, we continued this positive member growth trend adding 9,241 net new members from throughout our field of membership. This growth represents an 8.33% overall increase in members year over year. As our membership expands, we are continually evaluating our locations, services, and technology to ensure that we are best serving our membership, wherever they may be.

As a result of our increasing membership in Cortland County – now over 600 members – we decided to open our newest Financial Center in Cortland. In October 2016, we opened the doors to this Financial Center, our nineteenth overall. This full service Financial Center allows us to better provide our members in Cortland and the

surrounding area with the exceptional in-person experience and service AmeriCU has become synonymous with. We are eager to become even more involved in the vibrant Cortland community as we increase our membership there. In addition to being our first in this area, our Cortland Financial Center boasts our most innovative technology to date and serves as a test location for new digital offerings including vibrant signage and iPads for members to use. As we enter 2017, we are developing strategies to incorporate this and other emerging technologies into our future Financial Center designs to improve our member's experience every time they visit us. AmeriCU is dedicated to providing our members top of the line technological offerings along with the benefits of a hometown financial institution, and our new Cortland location is a perfect example of this marriage. Additionally, we are committed to information security and cybersecurity. AmeriCU has made extensive efforts and investments to protect member data as well as any other sensitive information in our possession. This is an area of attention across the industry, and a key point of focus for us.

While AmeriCU continues to grow and expand our membership, we strive to ensure that we are providing an excellent experience to our members in every interaction. To this end, AmeriCU partners with Deluxe/CSP to measure overall member satisfaction. We benchmark our performance against 30 large financial institutions nationwide and hold ourselves to a minimum score of 94 – highly satisfied. In 2016, we once again met and exceeded our goal, achieving an average score of 97.03% which earned us a place among the top performers in our industry nationwide.

In 2015 and 2016, AmeriCU made adjustments to our lending criteria and offerings to better position the credit union for future growth and developed a new five-year lending plan. This plan will help us retain our sound financial footing as we continue to operate in a stagnant interest rate environment and face uncertain economic conditions. We remain focused on ensuring that we provide the products and services our members need at competitive rates. Due to these efforts, despite difficult economic conditions locally and nationally, AmeriCU experienced significant loan growth. In 2016, AmeriCU's total loan production was \$597MM, a 5.99% increase over 2015, across consumer loans, home equity loans, mortgage loans, and vehicle loans (auto, motorcycle, RV, and marine). As of year-end 2016, AmeriCU's total loan portfolio exceeded \$1.26B. Though lending outpaced deposit growth in 2016, by year end, AmeriCU members held over \$1.24B in shares.

AmeriCU's two CUSOs, AmeriCU Services, LLC and AmeriCU Capital Management, LLC, also grew as hundreds of members turned to AmeriCU's subsidiaries for insurance and retirement planning services. AmeriCU Services, LLC experienced growth of 7.5% in 2016, and held 3,785 consumer insurance policies as well as 211 commercial insurance policies. In order to better meet our members' insurance needs at every stage of life, AmeriCU Services, LLC began a partnership with Excellus Blue

Cross Blue Shield to offer Medicare plans. As part of the Medicare open enrollment period, we offered a series of successful education and sales seminars, which were free and open to the public, to educate anyone 65 or turning 65 about their Medicare options. We are optimistic about the future of this outreach, and expect to assist even more members in 2017. AmeriCU Capital Management, LLC also showed impressive growth in 2016, growing assets by 16% and now serving member clients with more than \$171MM in assets under management.

In 2016, AmeriCU continued our commitment to strong citizenship. We sponsored the Salute to the Troops Tribute Concert at MountainFest, a concert and festival for service members and their families at Fort Drum, free of charge to the community. We are proud sponsors of the American Heart Association's Heart Run/Walk in Utica, Rome, Syracuse, and Watertown, the USO Ample Sample, the Carol M. Baldwin Breast Cancer Research Foundation, the Rome Relay for Life, and many other worthy causes in our communities. Additionally, we provided more than 100 financial education events throughout the year, and reached more than 450 adults as well as 1,320 students.

Our deeply rooted values, commitment to serving our members and our community, and our sound financial position ensure that AmeriCU will remain a beacon of strength and a trusted financial partner for our members well into the future. We look to 2017 with optimism and hope. But, more than just hope, we, AmeriCU's Board of Directors and employees, will work diligently to provide the financial services that help our members achieve their dreams, creating a brighter future for themselves and their families.

John A. Stevenson

John Herenson

Chairman of the Board

Mark Pfisterer
President and CEO
AmeriCU Credit Union





AUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements:

Independent Auditor's Report
Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition
Consolidated Statements of Income
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income
Consolidated Statements of Members' Equity
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
Other Financial Information:
Independent Auditor's Report on Other Financial Information_
Details of Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition
Details of Consolidated Statement of Income



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Supervisory Committee and Board of Directors AmeriCU Credit Union Rome, New York

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries which comprise the consolidated statements of financial condition as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, members' equity and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The pro-

cedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

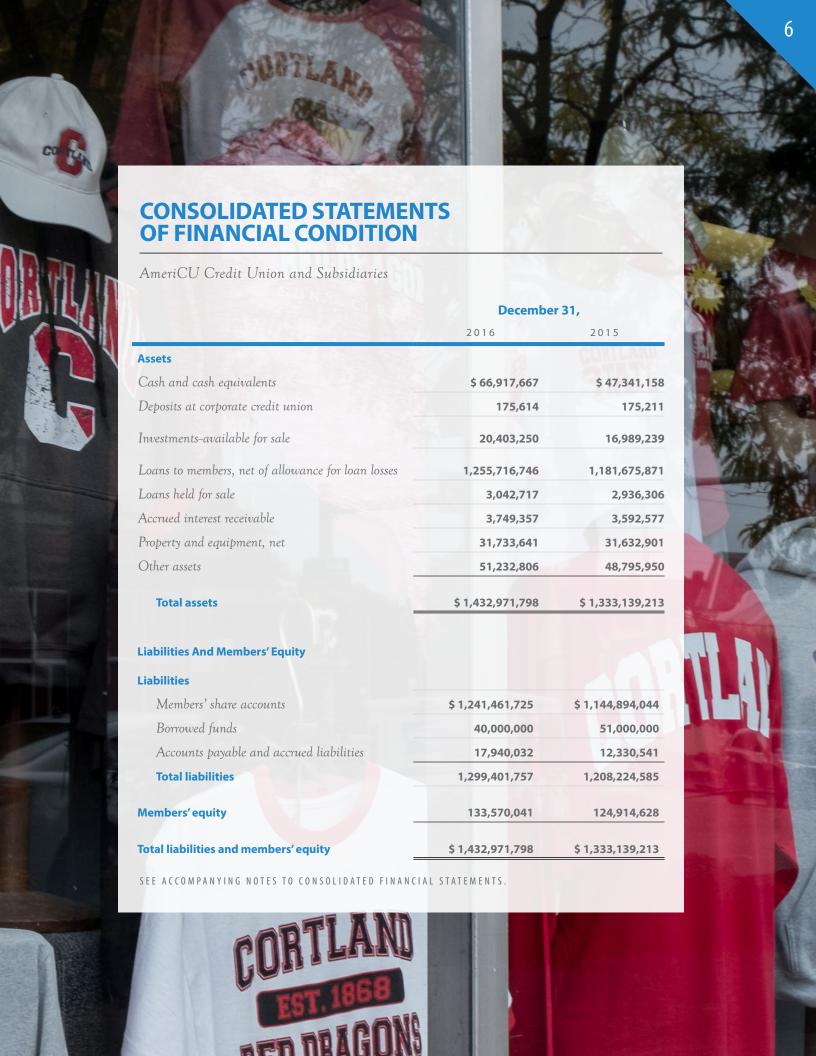
We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Sirley, Moran, Green & Essa, CPA, P.C.

East Syracuse, New York February 24, 2017



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries	Year ended Dec	ember 31.
	2016	2015
Income:		
Interest on loans	\$46,820,876	\$44,835,064
Investment income	1,889,339	677,404
	48,710,215	45,512,468
Interest expense:		
Dividends	7,995,068	7,830,990
Borrowed funds	126,761	47,440
	8,121,829	7,878,430
NET INTEREST INCOME	40,588,386	37,634,038
Provision for loan losses	5,399,427	4,263,907
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	35,188,959	33,370,131
Non-interest income:		
Fees, service charges and other income	19,941,582	17,553,548
Gain on sales of loans	2,728,063	1,613,372
	22,669,645	19,166,920
Non-interest expense:		
Compensation and benefits	25,372,403	20,792,002
Office occupancy and operations	16,893,770	16,400,057
Professional services	5,214,306	4,565,248
Membership services, promotions and other	2,462,229	2,467,289
	49,942,708	44,224,596
Net income	\$ 7,915,896	\$ 8,312,455



2016 2015

Net income

Other comprehensive income (loss):

Unrealized holding gains (losses) on investments-available for sale arising during the year, net

Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income

Other comprehensive income (loss)

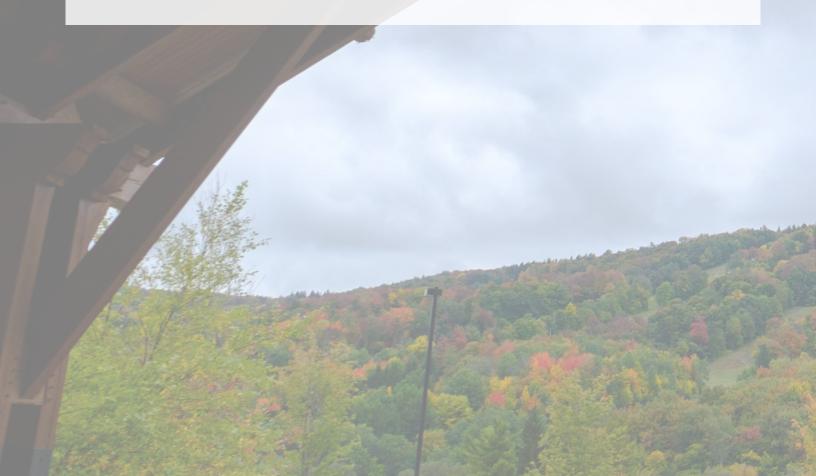
Total comprehensive income

\$ 8,312,455	\$ 7,915,896
(642,913)	949,383
(12,835)	(209,866)
(655,748)	739,517
\$ 7.656.707	\$ 8,655,413

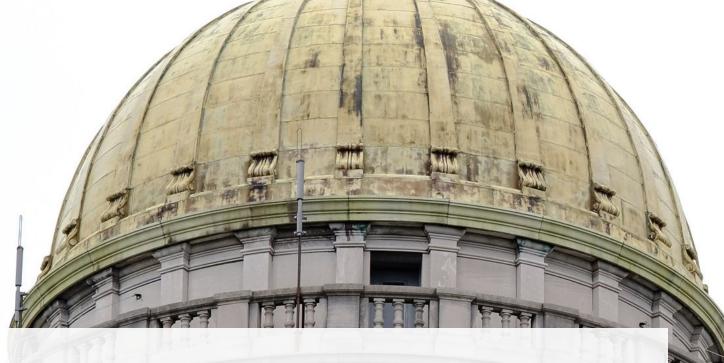
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF MEMBERS' EQUITY

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries

	Regular Reserve	Appropriated Undivided Earnings	Undivided Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Total
Balances at					
December 31, 2014	\$ 25,722,824	\$ 200,000	\$ 91,333,853	\$ 1,244	\$ 117,257,921
Net income			8,312,455		8,312,455
Other comprehensive loss				(655,748)	(655,748)
Balances at				dl	
December 31, 2015	25,722,824	200,000	99,646,308	(654,504)	124,914,628
Net income			7,915,896		7,915,896
Other comprehensive					
income				739,517	739,517
Balances at					
December 31, 2016	\$ 25,722,824	\$ 200,000	\$ 107,562,204	\$ 85,013	\$ 133,570,041







CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries

	Year ended December 31,	
	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 7,915,896	\$ 8,312,455
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE NET INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Provision for loan losses	5,399,427	4,263,907
Provision for losses on other real estate owned	313,255	248,482
Depreciation and amortization	2,860,952	2,910,021
Gain on sales of loans	(2,728,063)	(1,613,372)
Gain on sales of property and equipment	(3,432)	(93,279)
Gain on sales of investments	(209,866)	(12,835)
(Gain) loss on sales of other real estate owned, net	(32,347)	908,096
CHANGES IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:		
Loans held for sale	(106,411)	(1,221,294)
Accrued interest receivable	(156,780)	(661,353)
Other assets	(1,078,349)	(12,985,765)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,269,132	936,311
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 16,443,414	\$ 991,374

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS--CONTINUED

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries	Year ended December 31,	
	2016	2015
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in deposits at corporate credit unions	\$ (403)	\$ (106)
Purchases of investments-available for sale	(4,142,869)	(20,206,977)
Proceeds from sales of investments-available for sale	1,678,241	2,605,706
Loan originations, net of principal collected	(205,836,085)	(186,412,242)
Proceeds from loans sold	127,425,686	50,028,906
Proceeds from sales of other real estate owned	1,399,104	1,789,259
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,961,692)	(2,681,708)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	3,432	192,679
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(82,434,586)	(154,684,483)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in members' share accounts	96,567,681	10,595,175
Net (decrease) increase in borrowed funds	(11,000,000)	51,000,000
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	85,567,681	61,595,175
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	19,576,509	(92,097,934)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	47,341,158	139,439,092
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 66,917,667	\$ 47,341,158
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES		
Dividends paid on members' share accounts	\$ 7,995,068	\$ 7,830,990
Transfer of loans to other real estate owned	\$ 1,698,160	\$ 935,484
Interest on borrowed funds	\$ 126,761	\$ 47,440
NON-CASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on investments-available for sale arising during the year, net	\$ 739,517	\$ (655,748)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries December 31, 2016 and 2015

NOTEA

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Nature of Business:

AmeriCU Credit Union (AmeriCU or the Credit Union) is a state chartered cooperative association organized in accordance with the provisions of the State of New York and is administratively responsible to the New York State Department of Financial Services. It promotes thrift among, and creates a source of credit for, its members located in the New York State counties of Oneida, Onondaga, Cayuga, Madison, Jefferson, Oswego, Lewis, Herkimer and Cortland.

Principles of Consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of AmeriCU and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Hamilton Associates, Inc., AmeriCU Services, LLC and AmeriCU Capital Management, LLC. These subsidiaries are credit union organizations (collectively the CUOs) incorporated and organized for the primary purpose of providing services to AmeriCU's members. These services include electronic tax filing, insurance and investment services. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

Significant Accounting Policies:

The Credit Union and its subsidiaries follow the accounting standards set by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). The FASB establishes accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) that are followed to ensure consistent reporting of the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Credit Union and its subsidiaries. References to GAAP issued by the FASB in these notes are to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the Codification or FASB ASC).

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses

during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, certain operating bank account balances and money market funds. Amounts held on deposit with other financial institutions may, at times, exceed federally insured limits.

Investments:

The Credit Union is required to categorize each investment as either held to maturity, available for sale, or trading. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Credit Union did not maintain an investment trading or held to maturity portfolio. Securities not classified as held to maturity or trading are classified as available for sale and recorded at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported as other comprehensive income or loss.

Purchase premiums and discounts are recognized in interest income using the interest method over the terms of the securities. Declines in the fair value of available for sale securities below their cost that are deemed to be other than temporary are reflected in earnings as realized losses. In estimating other than temporary impairment losses, management considers (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, (3) the current liquidity and volatility of the market for each of the individual security categories, (4) the projected cash flows from the specific security type, (5) the financial guarantee and financial rating of the issuer, and (6) the intent and ability of the Credit Union to retain its investment in the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value. There are no other than temporary impairment losses at December 31, 2016 or 2015. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Loans to Members:

Loans receivable that the Credit Union has the intent and ability to hold for the foreseeable future are stated at unpaid principal balances, less an allowance for loan losses. Interest on loans is recognized over the term of the loan and is calculated using the simple-interest method on principal amounts outstanding.

The accrual of interest on loans is discontinued at the time the loan is 90 days delinquent unless the credit is well-secured and in process of collection. Credit card loans and other personal loans are typically charged-off no later than 120 days past due. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. In all cases, loans are placed on nonaccrual or charged-off at an earlier date if collection of principal or interest is considered doubtful.

All interest accrued but not collected for loans that are placed on nonaccrual or charged-off is reversed against interest income. The interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash-basis or cost-recovery method, until qualifying for return to accrual. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current and future payments are reasonably assured.

Certain direct origination costs are deferred and recognized as an adjustment to interest income using the sum of the years digits method over the weighted average life of the loans

Allowance for Loan Losses:

The allowance for loan losses is established, as losses are estimated to have occurred, through a provision for loan losses charged to earnings. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectability of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance for loan losses is evaluated on a regular basis by management and is based upon management's review of the collectability of the loans in light of historical experience, the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, adverse situations that may affect the borrower's ability to repay, the estimated value of any underlying collateral and prevailing economic conditions. This evaluation is inherently subjective as it requires estimates that are susceptible to significant revision as more information becomes available. Because of uncertainties inherent in the estimation process, management's estimate of loan losses within the

loan portfolio and the related allowance may change in the near term. However, the amount of the change that is reasonably possible, if any, cannot be estimated.

The allowance consists of specific, general and unallocated components. Specific allowances for loan losses are established for impaired loans on an individual basis as required by the Codification. The general component is based on historical loss experience adjusted for qualitative factors. An unallocated component is maintained to cover uncertainties that could affect management's estimate of probable losses.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Credit Union will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal and interest payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays and payment shortfalls on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration all of the circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower, including the length of the delay, the reasons for the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of the shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Impairment is measured on a loan by loan basis as determined by the fair value of the collateral.

Generally, large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans are collectively evaluated for impairment. Accordingly, the Credit Union does not separately identify individual consumer and residential loans for impairment disclosures unless such loans are the subject of a restructuring agreement.

Loan Servicing:

Servicing assets are recognized as separate assets when servicing rights are retained as mortgage loans are sold. When sold, a portion of the basis in the mortgage loan is allocated to the servicing right based on relative fair value. Fair value is based on market prices for comparable loan servicing contracts, when available, or alternatively, is based on a valuation model that calculates the present value of estimated future net servicing income. The valuation model incorporates assumptions that market participants would use in estimating future net servicing income, such

as the cost to service, the discount rate, the custodial earnings rate, an inflation rate, ancillary income, prepayment speeds and default rates and losses. Capitalized servicing rights are reported in other assets and are amortized into non-interest income in proportion to, and over the period of, the estimated future net servicing income of the underlying financial assets.

Servicing fee income is recognized for fees earned for servicing loans. The fees are based on a contractual percentage of the outstanding principal, or a fixed amount per loan and are recorded as income when earned. The amortization of loan servicing rights is netted against loan servicing fee income.

Servicing assets are evaluated for impairment based upon the fair value of the rights as compared to amortized cost. Impairment is recognized through a valuation allowance to the extent that fair value is less than the capitalized amount. If the Credit Union later determines that all or a portion of the impairment no longer exists, a reduction of the allowance may be recorded as an increase to income.

Troubled Debt Restructurings:

The Credit Union performs a loan-level valuation of those loans identified by the Credit Union as troubled debt restructurings. The Credit Union believes that each loan included in the analysis constitutes a troubled debt restructuring when, prior to the restructuring, the borrower experiences financial difficulty and, in response, the Credit Union grants a concession to the borrower, such as a reduction of interest rate, extension of the loan term or other concession that the Credit Union would not otherwise consider.

The Credit Union estimates the impairment of the troubled debt restructured loan portfolio by discounting expected cash flows of the restructured loans at the original interest rate. If applicable, the identified impairment amount would then be reserved for as part of the allowance for loan loss account.

Loans Held for Sale:

Loans held for sale are those mortgage loans the Credit Union has the intent to sell in the foreseeable future. They are carried at the lower of aggregate cost or market value. Net unrealized losses, if any, are recognized through a valuation allowance by charges to non-interest income. Gains and losses on sales of mortgage loans are recognized at settlement dates and are determined by the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value of the loans after allocating cost to servicing rights retained. All sales are

made without recourse subject to the customary representations and warrantees.

Foreclosed and Repossessed Assets:

Assets acquired through, or in lieu of, loan foreclosure are held for sale and are initially recorded at fair value at the date of foreclosure, establishing a new cost basis. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are periodically performed by management and the assets are carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. Revenue and expenses from operations and changes in the valuation allowance are included in non-interest expense.

Property and Equipment:

Land is carried at cost. Buildings, leasehold improvements, furniture, fixtures, and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Buildings, furniture, fixtures, and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The cost of leasehold improvements is amortized using the straight-line method over the terms of the related leases.

National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund Deposit and Assessments:

The deposit in the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund (NCUSIF) is in accordance with the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA) regulations, which require the maintenance of a deposit by each federally insured credit union in an amount equal to one percent of insured shares. The deposit would be refunded to the Credit Union if its insurance coverage is terminated, if it obtains insurance coverage from another source, or the operations of the fund are transferred from the NCUA Board.

Legislation was passed by Congress to permit the NCUA to create a Temporary Corporate Credit Union Stabilization Fund (TCCUSF) to absorb costs and borrowings incurred by the TCCUSF related to the collapse of various corporate credit unions.

The Credit Union recognizes NCUSIF premiums and TC-CUSF assessments when approved by the NCUA. During the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, there were no NCUSIF premiums due or TCCUSF assessments recognized by the Credit Union.

Members' Share Accounts:

Members' share accounts are subordinated to all other liabilities of the Credit Union upon liquidation. However, in the event of liquidation, their accounts are insured in accordance with NCUA regulations through the NCUSIF. Dividends on members' shares are based on available earnings at the end of a dividend period and are not guaranteed by the Credit Union. Dividend rates on members' share accounts are set by the Board of Directors, based on an evaluation of current and future market conditions.

Members' Equity:

The Credit Union is required by regulation to maintain a statutory reserve. This reserve, which represents a regulatory restriction of undivided earnings, is not available for the payment of dividends. The appropriated undivided earnings was established at the discretion of the Board of Directors and is not available for the payment of dividends.

Advertising Costs:

The Credit Union follows the policy of expensing its advertising costs (including any production costs) as incurred. Advertising expense was approximately \$1,102,000 and \$1,686,000 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Income Taxes:

The Credit Union is exempt, by statute, from federal and state income taxes. The Credit Union's subsidiary, Hamilton Associates, Inc., is a C corporation and is subject to federal and state income taxes. Its other CUOs are each limited liability companies and are disregarded as separate tax entities. Operations of the CUOs resulted in immaterial amounts of income tax expense in 2016 and 2015.

The Credit Union is a state-chartered credit union described in Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(c)(14). As such, the Credit Union is exempt from federal taxation of income derived from the performance of activities that are in furtherance of its exempt purpose. The Credit Union continually assesses its activities for any potential federal or state income tax liability. In the opinion of management, any liability arising from federal or state taxation of activities deemed to be unrelated to its exempt purposes is not expected to have a material effect on the Credit Union's financial position or results of operation. The Credit Union annually files federal and state unrelated business income tax (UBIT) returns. Amounts of UBIT tax from the performance of activities unrelated to the Credit Union's tax exempt function resulted in immaterial amounts of tax expense in 2016 and 2015.

The Credit Union complies with FASB ASC Topic 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes", which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. There was no impact to the accompanying consolidated financial

statements attributable to this ASC for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015.

The Credit Union is potentially subject to income tax examinations for its U.S. federal and state income taxes for the years 2013 through 2016.

Fair Value Measurements:

Guidance under GAAP establishes a three tiered hierarchy to maximize the use of observable market data and minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to establish classification of fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Various inputs are used in determining the value of financial instruments as noted below:

Level 1 - quoted prices in active markets for identical inputs

Level 2 - other significant observable inputs

Level 3 - significant unobservable inputs (including the Credit Union's own assumptions in determining fair value)

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used in the determination of the fair value measurement fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value of investments-available for sale is the market value based on quoted market prices, when available, or market prices provided by recognized broker dealers (Level 1). If listed prices or quotes are not available, fair value is based upon quoted market prices of comparable instruments or through adjusted discounted cash flow models that use other significant observable inputs (Level 2).

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncement:

In 2016, the Credit Union early adopted a provision of FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments-Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". The adopted provision eliminates the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments carried at amortized cost, as previously required by FASB ASC Topic 825-10-50. As such, the Credit Union has omitted this disclosure for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. The adoption of this provision from ASU No. 2016-01 did not have an impact on the Credit Union's consolidated financial statements.

Future Application of Accounting Pronouncements:

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". ASU No. 2014-09 creates a single source of revenue guidance for all companies in all industries and is more principles-based than current revenue guidance. This standard provides a five-step model for an entity to recognize revenue when it transfers control of goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which it expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The five steps are (1) identify the contract with the customer, (2) identify the separate performance obligations in the contract, (3) determine the transaction price, (4) allocate the transaction price to the separate performance obligations and (5) recognize revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied. The standard is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. In July 2015, the FASB deferred the effective date by one year. The Credit Union is currently evaluating the provisions of this ASU and will closely monitor developments and additional guidance to determine the potential impact this standard will have on the consolidated financial statements.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments-Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities". ASU No. 2016-01 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. This standard requires all equity investments to be measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognized through net income (other than equity investments accounted for under equity method of accounting or those that result in the consolidation of the investee). In addition, this standard eliminates the requirement to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet, this provision of the ASU was adopted by the Credit Union in 2016. The Credit Union does not expect the remaining provisions of this standard to have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases". Under this ASU, a lessee will be required to recognize assets and liabilities for leases with lease terms of more than 12 months. Consistent with current GAAP, the recognition, measurement and presentation of expenses and cash flows arising from a lease by a lessee primarily will depend on its classification as a finance or operating lease. However, unlike current GAAP, which requires only capital leases to be recognized in the balance sheet, the new ASU will require both types of leases to be recognized on the balance sheet. The ASU will also require disclosures to help financial statement users better understand the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases. ASU No. 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The Credit

Union is currently evaluating the provisions of this ASU and will closely monitor developments and additional guidance to determine the potential impact this standard will have on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-13 "Financial Instruments-Credit Losses: Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments". This standard adds an impairment model, Current Expected Credit Loss (CECL) model, that is based on expected credit losses rather than incurred losses, which the FASB believes will result in a more timely recognition of such losses. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2020. The Credit Union is currently evaluating the provisions of this ASU and will be closely monitoring developments and additional guidance to determine the potential impact this standard will have on the consolidated financial statements.

Events Occurring After Reporting Date:

The Credit Union has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between December 31, 2016 and February 24, 2017, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the consolidated financial statements. There were no such events or transactions identified by the Credit Union.



INVESTMENTS--AVAILABLE FOR SALE

The Credit Union has made certain investments via a Total Benefit Pre-Funding Program (TBPF Program). The investments made via the TBPF Program are primarily made up of assets normally impermissible to the Credit Union, but allowable if the investments are specifically earmarked for the purpose of pre-funding future employee benefit obligations, with the proceeds offsetting general employee benefits expense. The TBPF investments have been classified as investments-available for sale in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of investments-available for sale are as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
		AT DECEMBE	R 31, 2016	
Investments under the TBPF Program:				
Common stocks	\$ 5,541,944	\$ 378,997	\$ 109,489	\$ 5,811,452
Real estate investment trusts	1,216,755	133,586	3,100	1,347,241
Mutual funds	7,155,421	8,218	148,641	7,014,998
Exchange traded funds	6,387,028	652	175,561	6,212,119
Other Investments:				
Mortgage-backed securities	17,089	351	-0-	17,440
	\$ 20,318,237	\$ 521,804	\$ 436,791	\$ 20,403,250
		AT DECEMBE	R 31, 2015	
Investments under the TBPF Program:				
Common stocks	\$4,638,301	\$ 154,780	\$ 209,201	\$ 4,583,880
Real estate investment trusts	917,588	9,125	56,942	869,771
Mutual funds	6,096,000	-0-	250,857	5,845,143
Exchange traded funds	5,970,308	-0-	302,274	5,668,034
Other Investments:				
Mortgage-backed securities	21,546	865	-0-	22,411
	\$ 17,643,743	\$ 164,770	\$ 819,274	\$ 16,989,239

The following table presents the Credit Union's investments-available for sale fair value and gross unrealized losses aggregated by the length of time the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	Less than 12 Months		12 Mont	12 Months or More		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	
			AT DECEMBER	31, 2016			
Investments under the TBPF Program:		ID.					
Common stocks	\$ 1,082,040	\$ (44,322)	\$ 473,389	\$ (65,167)	\$ 1,555,429	\$ (109,489)	
Real estate investment trusts	79,525	(631)	45,512	(2,469)	125,037	(3,100)	
Mutual funds	485,939	(10,622)	5,957,981	(138,019)	6,443,920	(148,641)	
Exchange traded funds	631,077	(15,093)	5,458,406	(160,468)	6,089,483	(175,561)	
	\$ 2,278,581	\$ (70,668)	\$ 11,935,288	\$ (366,123)	\$ 14,213,869	\$ (436,791)	

There were no investments that were in a continuous loss position for a period of more than twelve months at December 31, 2015.

The Credit Union does not intend to sell the investments and it is not more likely than not that the Credit Union will be required to sell the investments prior to their anticipated recovery of the unrealized losses and, the Credit Union believes the decline in fair value for these securities to be temporary. Should the impairment of any of these securities become other than temporary, the cost basis of the investment would be reduced and the resulting loss recognized in net income in the period in which the other than temporary impairment is identified.

NOTE D LOANS TO MEMBERS

Loans to members consist of the following (in 000's):

	December 31,	
	2016	2015
MEMBER BUSINESS LOANS	\$ 32,751	\$ <mark>14</mark> ,190
MORTGAGES AND OTHER REAL ESTATE:		
Mortgages	175,819	246,973
Home equity/improvement loans	404,409	409,059
	580,228	656,032
VEHICLES AND OTHER CONSUMER:		
Vehicles	559,033	439,517
Credit cards and other lines of credit	46,793	43,876
Education loans	18,089	16,000
Unsecured signature/personal	24,718	17,231
	648,633	516,624
Less allowance for loan losses	5,895	5,170
	\$ 1,255,717	\$ 1,181,676

NOTE E LOAN QUALITY

Management performs a monthly evaluation of the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses (ALL). For the purposes of calculating the ALL, the Credit Union segregates its loan portfolio into the following general segments: member business, mortgages and other real estate and vehicles and other consumer.

The following is an analysis of the allowance for loan losses by segment:

Allowance for Loan Losses

		7	. 10411 105565	
	Member business	Mortgages and other real estate	Vehicles and other consumer	Total
		D E C E M B E F	R 31, 2016	
Beginning balance	\$ 151,323	\$ 1,200,387	\$ 3,818,457	\$ 5,170,167
Charge-offs	-0-	(978,644)	(5,378,278)	(6,356,922)
Recoveries	57	296,088	1,386,293	1,682,438
Provision	(8,709)	705,840	4,702,296	5,399,427
Ending balance	\$ 142,671	\$ 1,223,671	\$ 4,528,768	\$ 5,895,110
		D E C E M B E F	R 31, 2015	
Beginning balance	\$ 177,421	\$ 796,824	\$ 4,041,475	\$ 5,015,720
Charge-offs	(106,453)	(1,371,304)	(3,518,079)	(4,995,836)
Recoveries	-0-	91,232	795,144	886,376
Provision	80,355	1,683,635	2,499,917	4,263,907
Ending balance	\$ 151,323	\$ 1,200,387	\$ 3,818,457	\$ 5,170,167

The following presents, by loan segment, loans that were evaluated for the allowance for loan losses individually and those that were evaluated collectively as of December 31, 2016 and 2015:

	Member business	Mortgages and other real estate	Vehicles and other consumer	Total
		DECEMBER	R 31, 2016	
Allowance for loan losses:				
Ending balance allocated to loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -0-	\$ 209,724	\$ -0-	\$ 209,724
Ending balance allocated to loans collectively evaluated for impairment	142,671	1,013,947	4,528,768	5,685,386
Total	\$ 142,671	\$ 1,223,671	\$ 4,528,768	\$ 5,895,110
Loans outstanding:				
Ending balance of loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -0-	\$ 5,418,597	\$ 60,528	\$ 5,479,125
Ending balance of loans collectively evaluated for impairment	32,750,953	574,808,929	648,572,849	1,256,132,731
Total	\$ 32,750,953	\$ 580,227,526	\$ 648,633,377	\$ 1,261,611,856
_		DECEMBER	R 31, 2015	
Allowance for loan losses:				
Ending balance allocated to loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -0-	\$ 258,637	\$ -0-	\$ 258,637
Ending balance allocated to loans collectively evaluated for impairment	151,323	941,750	3,818,457	4,911,530
Total	\$ 151,323	\$1,200,387	\$ 3,818,457	\$ 5,170,167
Loans outstanding:				
Ending balance of loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ -0-	\$ 5,826,185	\$ 87,408	\$ 5,913,593
Ending balance of loans collectively evaluated for impairment	14,189,936	650,205,479	516,537,030	1,180,932,445
Total	\$14,189,936	\$ 656,031,664	\$ 516,624,438	\$ 1,186,846,038

Past Due Loans:

Loans are considered past due if the required principal and interest payments have not been received within thirty days of the payment due date. An analysis of past due loans, segregated by loan segment, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, was as follows:

Analysis of Past Due Loans

Name Section Section								
Member business \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$32,750,953 \$32,750,953 Mortgages and other real estate 5,264,937 1,098,804 4,002,437 10,366,178 569,861,348 580,227,526 Vehicles and other consumer 12,135,207 3,785,413 1,279,654 17,200,274 631,433,103 648,633,377 Total \$17,400,144 \$4,884,217 \$5,282,091 \$27,566,452 \$1,234,045,404 \$1,261,611,856 % of total loans 1.38% .38% .42% 2.18% 97.82% 100.00% Member business \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$14,189,936 \$14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and		•	•			Current	Total Loans	
Mortgages and other real estate 5,264,937 1,098,804 4,002,437 10,366,178 569,861,348 580,227,526 Vehicles and other consumer 12,135,207 3,785,413 1,279,654 17,200,274 631,433,103 648,633,377 Total \$17,400,144 \$4,884,217 \$5,282,091 \$27,566,452 \$1,234,045,404 \$1,261,611,856 % of total loans 1.38% .38% .42% 2.18% 97.82% 100.00% DECEMBER 31, 2015 Member business \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$14,189,936 \$14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and				DECEMBE	R 31, 2016			
other real estate 5,264,937 1,098,804 4,002,437 10,366,178 569,861,348 580,227,526 Vehicles and other consumer 12,135,207 3,785,413 1,279,654 17,200,274 631,433,103 648,633,377 Total \$ 17,400,144 \$ 4,884,217 \$ 5,282,091 \$ 27,566,452 \$ 1,234,045,404 \$ 1,261,611,856 % of total loans 1.38% .38% .42% 2.18% 97.82% 100.00% DECEMBER 31, 2015 Member business \$-0- \$ -0- \$ -0- \$ 14,189,936 \$ 14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and *** **Other consumer** **	Member business	\$-0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 32,750,953	\$ 32,750,953	
other consumer 12,135,207 3,785,413 1,279,654 17,200,274 631,433,103 648,633,377 Total \$ 17,400,144 \$ 4,884,217 \$ 5,282,091 \$ 27,566,452 \$ 1,234,045,404 \$ 1,261,611,856 % of total loans 1.38% .38% .42% 2.18% 97.82% 100.00% DECEMBER 31, 2015 Member business \$-0- \$ -0- \$ -0- \$ 14,189,936 \$ 14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and		5,264,937	1,098,804	4,002,437	10,366,178	569,861,348	580,227,526	
% of total loans 1.38% 3.38% .42% 2.18% 97.82% 100.00% DECEMBER 31, 2015 Member business \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and		12,135,207	3,785,413	1,279,654	17,200,274	631,433,103	648,633,377	
DECEMBER 31, 2015 Member business \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$14,189,936 \$14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and	Total	\$ 17,400,144	\$ 4,884,217	\$ 5,282,091	\$ 27,566,452	\$ 1,234,045,404	\$ 1,261,611,856	
Member business \$-0- \$-0- \$-0- \$14,189,936 \$14,189,936 Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and	% of total loans	1.38%	.38%	.42%	2.18%	97.82%	100.00%	
Mortgages and other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and		DECEMBER 31, 2015						
other real estate 4,628,246 1,180,330 3,821,981 9,630,557 646,401,107 656,031,664 Vehicles and	Member business	\$-0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$ 14,189,936	\$ 14,189,936	
		4,628,246	1,180,330	3,821,981	9,630,557	646,401,107	656,031,664	
01101 01150 1101 01150 1101 01150 110101 01150 110101 01150	Vehicles and other consumer	5,793,003	1,079,201	535,948	7,408,152	509,216,286	516,624,438	
Total \$10,421,249 \$2,259,531 \$4,357,929 \$17,038,709 \$1,169,807,329 \$1,186,846,038	Total	\$ 10,421,249	\$ 2,259,531	\$ 4,357,929	\$ 17,038,709	\$ 1,169,807,329	\$ 1,186,846,038	
% of total loans .88% .19% .37% 1.44% 98.56% 100.00%	% of total loans	.88%	.19%	.37%	1.44%	98.56%	100.00%	

The following table summarizes troubled debt restructuring modifications as of December 31, 2016 and 2015:

Modifications as of December 31,

		2016			2015			
	Number of loans	Pre- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Number of loans	Pre- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment	Post- Modification Outstanding Recorded Investment		
Troubled Debt Restructuring:								
Mortgages and other real estate	18	\$ 2,898,702	\$ 3,222,032	19	\$ 2,775,328	\$ 3,098,795		
Vehicles and other consumer	10	165,045	165,045	10	165,045	165,045		

There were no troubled debt restructurings that subsequently defaulted in 2016 and 2015.

Risk Rating:

In addition to monitoring the performance status of the loan portfolio, the Credit Union also utilizes a risk rating system to evaluate loan asset quality. This methodology is primarily used for loans that are reviewed individually (typically member business loans) for ALL as described previously and are not part of a homogeneous loan pool. The risk rating system considers factors such as financial condition, earnings, collateral, management and industry outlook.

The Credit Union's internally assigned classifications are as follows: Superior-substantially risk free, Excellent-minimal risk, Good-modest risk, Acceptable-average risk, Acceptable with caution/watch-developing risk, Special mention-currently protected but potentially weak, considerable risk, Substandard-high and well defined risk of default, Doubtful-extremely high risk of loss, and Loss-loans classified as loss are considered non-collectible.

Risk Rating by Internally Assigned Classifications for its Member Business Loan Portfolio:

	December 31,		
	2016	2015	
Superior	\$ 37,087	\$ -0-	
Excellent	3,415,110	2,205,547	
Good	15,845,438	7,350,851	
Acceptable	11,994,737	2,800,177	
Acceptable with caution/watch	1,124,698	1,356,675	
Special mention	-0-	-0-	
Substandard	333,883	476,686	
Doubtful	-0-	-0-	
Loss	-0-	-0-	
Total	\$ 32,750,953	\$ 14,189,936	

For loans that are not rated under this system, the Credit Union evaluates credit quality based on the aging status of the loan (previously presented) and the performing status. The following table presents the performance status on selected loans:

	Mortgages and other real estate	Vehicles and other consumer	Total
		DECEMBER 31, 2016	
Performing	\$ 576,225,089	\$ 647,353,723	\$ 1,223,578,812
Non-performing (nonaccrual)	4,002,437	1,279,654	5,282,091
Total	\$ 580,227,526	\$ 648,633,377	\$ 1,228,860,903
		DECEMBER 31, 2015	
Performing	\$ 652,209,683	\$ 516,088,490	\$ 1,168,298,173
Non-performing (nonaccrual)	3,821,981	535,948	4,357,929
Total	\$ 656,031,664	\$ 516,624,438	\$ 1,172,656,102

If interest on non-performing loans had been accrued, such income would have approximated \$68,200 and \$63,900 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

388,2000

NOTE F

LOAN SERVICING

Loans serviced for others are not included in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial condition. The unpaid principal balances of loans serviced for others and the mortgage custodial escrow accounts are summarized as follows (in 000's):

December 31,

	2016	2015
Mortgage loan portfolio serviced	\$ 294,061	\$ 229,395
Custodial escrow accounts	\$ 3,926	\$ 3,006

A summary of the changes in the balance of mortgage servicing rights in 2016 and 2015 were as follows (in 000's):

Year ended December 31,

	2016	2015
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,067	\$ 1,116
Servicing rights recognized	278	266
Amortization of servicing rights	(301)	(315)
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,044	\$ 1,067

The carrying value of mortgage servicing rights approximates fair value.

NOTE G

OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of (in 000's):	December	31,
	2016	2015
National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund deposit	\$ 11,216	\$ 10,799
Dealer reserves	6,960	4,801
Accounts receivable and miscellaneous clearing accounts	3,427	4,109
Loan collateral in process of liquidation	427	484
Mortgage servicing rights	1,044	1,067
SERP related investments and life insurance annuity	20,983	20,075
Other real estate owned	341	323
Prepaid and deferred expenses	2,374	2,337
Investments in unconsolidated credit union service organizations	1,308	1,184
FHLB of New York stock	2,803	3,267
NCB Community Investment Fund	250	250
Investor Secondary Capital Fund	100	100
	\$ 51,233	\$ 48,796



The aggregate amount of members' share accounts over \$250,000 was approximately \$85,167,000 at December 31, 2016.

At December 31, 2016, scheduled maturities of share certificates, including IRA certificate accounts, are as follows (in 000's):

Years ending December 31,

<u> </u>	
\$ 232,311	2017
69,080	2018
37,494	2019
39,442	2020
52,202	2021
\$ 430,529	

NOTE J

FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS

Alloya Line of Credit:

The Credit Union has an \$8.75 million dollar line of credit agreement with Alloya secured by the assets of the Credit Union. The interest rate is determined by Alloya at the time of borrowing and is established based on current market rates. There were no outstanding borrowings under this facility as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

FHLB of New York Advance Agreement:

The Credit Union has an advance, collateral and security agreement with the FHLB of New York. This agreement provides the Credit Union with a credit line having \$82,997,498 of availability at December 31, 2016. The Credit Union is required to pledge eligible mortgage loans as collateral, with \$122,992,498 of mortgages currently eligible to be pledged as collateral. The interest rate is determined by the FHLB of New York at the time of borrowing and is established based on the term of the loan selected by the Credit Union and current market rates. The Credit Union has \$40,000,000 and \$51,000,000 in outstanding borrowings as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Federal Reserve Bank of New York Advance Agreement:

The Credit Union has an advance, collateral and security agreement with the Federal Reserve Bank of New York which provides the Credit Union with a line of credit. The Credit Union is required to pledge eligible indirect auto loans as collateral. The interest rate is determined at the time of borrowing and is established based on a 90-day term set by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York at prevailing market rates. There were no outstanding borrowings under this facility as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

NOTE K

401(K) PENSION PLAN

The Credit Union maintains a 401(k) pension plan covering substantially all employees. The Plan allows employees, immediately upon date of hire, to defer a portion of their salary through contributions to the Plan. After one year of service the Credit Union makes matching contributions to the Plan based on elected compensation deferrals. The Credit Union's matching contribution is based on 100% of the elected deferral for the first 3% of compensation and 50% of the elected deferral for the next 2% of compensation. Expense for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately \$583,000 and \$537,000, respectively.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk:

The Credit Union enters into commitments to extend credit in the normal course of meeting the financial needs of its members. Commitments to extend credit, which generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses, are legally binding agreements to lend to a member (as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract). These commitments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate or liquidity risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated statements of financial condition.

Credit risk is the possibility that loss may occur from the counterpart's failure to perform according to the terms of the contract. Interest rate risk is due to fluctuations in interest rates that may decrease the market value of a financial instrument. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Credit Union will not be able to meet its contractual obligations as they come due.

The Credit Union uses the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-balance sheet instruments. The Credit Union controls the credit risk of commitments to extend credit through credit approvals, credit limits, monitoring procedures, and management's evaluation of each member's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary, is based on management's credit evaluation of the member.

The Credit Union's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party for commitments to extend credit is represented by the contractual amounts of the commitments. A summary of the contract amounts of the Credit Union's commitments to extend credit at December 31, 2016 is as follows (in 000's):

Unused credit card lines	\$ 106,207
Unused lines of credit, excluding credit cards	37,104
Overdraft protection program commitments	28,037
Loans approved not yet disbursed	3,612
Unused residential construction loans	1,150
Unfunded business loan commitments	1,092
Other unfunded commitments	9,212
	\$ 186,414

Since portions of the above commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future liquidity requirements.

Financial Instruments with Concentrations of Credit Risk:

The Credit Union has identified certain credit risk concentrations in relation to its on and off balance sheet financial instruments. A credit risk concentration is defined as a significant credit exposure to an individual or a group engaged in similar activities or affected similarly by economic conditions.

The Credit Union, at times, maintains deposits with depository financial institutions that exceed federally insured limits.

The Credit Union originates residential real estate loans throughout Central and Northern New York. These loans are underwritten to comply with secondary market standards and are secured by the underlying collateral. The Credit Union also grants various secured and unsecured consumer type loans to members in these regions.

Sponsorship Commitments:

The Credit Union has sponsorship and license commitments with several local organizations and is required to pay approximately \$1,013,000 over the next four years; \$418,000 in 2017, \$428,000 in 2018, \$100,000 in 2019 and \$67,000 in 2020.

NOTE M

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In the normal course of business, the Credit Union extends credit to directors, supervisory committee members, executive officers and employees. The aggregate loans at December 31, 2016 and 2015 are approximately \$12,754,000 and \$11,292,000, respectively. Shares from these related parties at December 31, 2016 and 2015 amounted to approximately \$14,332,000 and \$12,874,000, respectively. It is the Credit Union's policy that all such transactions are on substantially the same terms as those for comparable transactions with its members.

NOTE N

REGULATORY CAPITAL

The Credit Union is subject to various regulatory capital requirements. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Credit Union's consolidated financial statements. Under capital adequacy regulations and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Credit Union must meet specific capital regulations that involve quantitative measures of the Credit Union's assets, liabilities, and certain off balance sheet items as calculated under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Credit Union's capital amounts and net worth classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors. Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Credit Union to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of net worth to total assets

Credit unions are also required to calculate a Risk-Based Net Worth (RBNW) requirement which establishes whether or not the Credit Union will be considered "complex" under the regulatory framework. The Credit Union's RBNW ratio as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 was 6.1% and 6.9%, respectively. A ratio of 6% or greater would cause the Credit Union to be considered complex. The Credit Union was classified as complex at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and as such, the Credit Union's net worth ratio must be greater than the RBNW ratio or it will be classified as undercapitalized. Management believes, as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, that the Credit Union meets all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject.

As of December 31, 2016, the most recent call reporting period, the Credit Union was categorized as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as "well capitalized" the Credit Union must maintain a minimum net worth ratio of 7% of assets and meet any applicable RBNW requirement. Management believes there are no conditions or events that have occurred since that notification that would have changed the Credit Union's category.

The Credit Union's actual capital amounts and ratios at December 31, 2016 and 2015 are presented in the following table (in 000's):

	Actual		To be Well Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions		To be Adequately Capitalized Under Prompt Corrective Action Provisions	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
December 31, 2016						
Net Worth	\$ 133,485	9.3%	\$ 100,273	7.0%	\$ 85,948	6.0%
Risk-Based Net Worth requirement	87,810	6.1%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2015						
Net Worth	\$ 125,569	9.4%	\$ 93,346	7.0%	\$ 80,011	6.0%
Risk-Based Net Worth requirement	91,879	6.9%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Actual net worth amounts in the preceding table do not include accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. Because the RBNW requirement is less than the net worth ratio, the Credit Union retains its original category.



Firley, Moran, Freer & Eassa, CPA, P.C.

5010 Campuswood Drive • East Syracuse, New York 13057 **TEL:** 315.472.7045 • **FAX:** 315.472.7053 • **www.fmfecpa.com**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTON OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Supervisory Committee and Board of Directors AmeriCU Credit Union Rome, New York

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and have issued our report thereon, dated February 24, 2017, which contained an unmodified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. Our audits were performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying other financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Sirley, Moran, Green & Essa, CPA, P.C.

East Syracuse, New York February 24, 2017



DETAILS OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

AmeriCU Credit Union And Subsidiaries December 31, 2016

	AmeriCU Credit Union	Hamilton Associates, Inc.	AmeriCU Services, LLC	AmeriCU Capital Management, LLC	Eliminations	Consolidated
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 66,917,667	\$ 105,175	\$ 1,516,596	\$ 2,198,214	\$ 3,819,985	\$ 66,917,667
Deposits at corporate credit union	175,614					175,614
Investments-available for sale	20,403,250					20,403,250
Loans to members, net of allowance for loan losses	1,255,716,746					1,255,716,746
Loans held for sale	3,042,717					3,042,717
Accrued interest receivable	3,749,357					3,749,357
Property and equipment, net	31,733,641					31,733,641
Other assets	54,991,907		390,079	6,489	4,155,669	51,232,806
Total assets	\$ 1,436,730,899	\$ 105,175	\$ 1,906,675	\$ 2,204,703	\$ 7,975,654	\$ 1,432,971,798

Liabilities And Members' Equity

		es

Members' share accounts	\$ 1,245,281,710				\$ 3,819,985	\$ 1,241,461,725
Borrowed funds	40,000,000					40,000,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	17,879,148		\$ 48,297	\$ 12,587		17,940,032
Total liabilities	1,303,160,858		48,297	12,587	3,819,985	1,299,401,757
Members' equity	133,570,041	\$ 105,175	1,858,378	2,192,116	4,155,669	133,570,041
Total liabilities and members' equity	\$ 1,436,730,899	\$ 105,175	\$ 1,906,675	\$ 2,204,703	\$ 7,975,654	\$ 1,432,971,798



DETAILS OF CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

AmeriCU Credit Union and Subsidiaries Year ended December 31, 2016

	AmeriCU Credit Union	Hamilton Associates, Inc.	AmeriCU Services, LLC	AmeriCU Capital Management, LLC	Eliminations	Consolidated
Income:						
Interest on loans	\$ 46,820,876					\$ 46,820,876
Investment income	2,363,477	\$ 526	\$ 8,482	\$11,901	\$ 495,047	1,889,339
	49,184,353	526	8,482	11,901	495,047	48,710,215
Interest expense:						
Dividends	8,015,977				20,909	7,995,068
Borrowed funds	126,761					126,761
	8,142,738				20,909	8,121,829
NET INTEREST INCOME	41,041,615	526	8,482	11,901	474,138	40,588,386
Provision for loan losses	5,399,427					5,399,427
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES	35,642,188	526	8,482	11,901	474,138	35,188,959
Non-interest income:						
Fees, service charges and other income	17,587,003	957	994,914	1,364,108	5,400	19,941,582
Gain on sales of loans	2,728,063					2,728,063
	20,315,066	957	994,914	1,364,108	5,400	22,669,645
Non-interest expense:						
Compensation and benefits	23,785,338		783,309	803,756		25,372,403
Office occupancy and operations	16,579,485	5,329	133,686	180,670	5,400	16,893,770
Professional services	5,214,306					5,214,306
Membership services, promotions and other	2,462,229					2,462,229
_	48,041,358	5,329	916,995	984,426	5,400	49,942,708
Net income (loss)	\$ 7,915,896	\$ (3,846)	\$ 86,401	\$ 391,583	\$ 474,138	\$ 7,915,896



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FINANCIAL CENTER

SERVICES

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LENDING SALES MANAGER

Leslee Bango

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Michelle Brundage

MANAGER, APPLICATION SYSTEMS AND SERVICES

Kathryn M. Cashel

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Benjamin Cassano

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BSA AND SECURITY MANAGER

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MANAGER, SECONDARY MARKET

Alexander Gerson

FINANCIAL CENTER MANAGER, CAMILLUS

Jin Gwak

MANAGER, INFRASTRUCTURE SYSTEMS AND SERVICES

Kyle Halpin

FINANCIAL CENTER MANAGER,
ONONDAGA COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Danielle R. Hatashita

FINANCIAL CENTER MANAGER, CICERO

Linda A. Hoff

MANAGER, COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Heather Houseman

FINANCIAL CENTER MANAGER, ROME

Dora Isles

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Karen E. Lockwood

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JoAnne Marco

IT TECHNICAL SUPPORT SUPERVISOR

Vaune A. Morat

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Rindy L. Pallas

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Janette Ranieri

FINANCIAL CENTER MANAGER, ARMORY SQUARE

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MANAGER OF OUTREACH & EDUCATION

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Christopher A. Wood

RELATIONSHIP MANAGER, INDIRECT LENDING

Heather Wood

FINANCIAL CENTER MANAGER, FAYETTEVILLE

19 CONVENIENT FINANCIAL CENTER LOCATIONS

Armory Square Office

200 Walton Street Syracuse, NY 13202

Auburn Office

295 Grant Avenue Auburn, NY 13021

Camillus Office

5212 West Genesee Street Camillus, NY 13031

Cazenovia Office

82 Albany Street Cazenovia, NY 13035

Cicero Office

6414 State Route 31 Cicero, NY 13039

Commercial Drive Office

4957 Commercial Drive Yorkville, NY 13495

Cortland Office

3944 NY RT 281 Suite 15 Cortland, NY 13045

Fayetteville Office

5439 N Burdick Street Fayetteville, NY 13066

Fort Drum Office

10750 Enduring Freedom Drive Fort Drum, NY 13602

Griffiss Park Office

231 Hill Road Rome, NY 13441

Herkimer Office

EFK Plaza 326 E. State Street Herkimer, NY 13350

Liverpool Office

7474 Oswego Road Liverpool, NY 13090

Lowville Office

7394 Utica Boulevard Lowville, NY 13367

North Utica Office

224 N Genesee Street Utica, NY 13502

Onondaga Community College Office

Whitney Center for Applied Technology 4585 W Seneca Street Syracuse, NY 13215

Oneida Office

280 Genesee Street Oneida, NY 13421

Rome Office

1916 Black River Boulevard Rome, NY 13440

Syracuse Office

6303 Thompson Road Syracuse, NY 13206

Watertown

871 Arsenal Street Watertown, NY 13601





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